

## NEW LIGHT SHED ON JAIL-BREAK OF R. J. RITCHIE

Seattle Police Officer Writes  
to Star-Bulletin in De-  
fense of McDuffie

Declaring that he was misrepresented in order that the Advertiser might hit at Captain of Detectives McDuffie, Detective Sergeant M. J. McNamee of Seattle has written to the Star-Bulletin asking this paper to give publicity to his statement.

McNamee came here to take R. J. Ritchie and A. Deputer, wanted in Seattle for alleged gross cheat, back to the northwest city. Ritchie escaped from the county jail. The morning paper published an article the morning after McNamee left for home, in which McNamee was involved in an attack upon McDuffie's conduct of the detective department.

As a matter of fact, McNamee declares, he was more than pleased with the assistance he received from McDuffie and Sheriff Rose.

His letter sheds some light on the inside of the Ritchie escape and shows also that the local police authorities knew that Ritchie had gotten away on the transport Logan.

The statement which Sergeant McNamee asks this paper to give publicity is as follows:

"The City of Seattle, Washington, Department of Police,

Editor Honolulu Star-Bulletin.

"Dear Sir:—I have just received copy of the morning Advertiser of July 2 and see where it unjustly criticized one Capt. A. McDuffie and I note that the article was published the morning after I sailed from your city for home. A newspaper reporter called on me at my hotel a week before I left the island and wanted a statement from me as to what I thought about the authorities for letting R. J. Ritchie escape from the county jail. I saw that the man was prejudiced against A. McDuffie and I told him that I was not in Honolulu to criticize anybody and that I was more than pleased at the assistance I got from Capt. McDuffie and Sheriff Rose in trying to find R. J. Ritchie and that I was there to get Ritchie and not to criticize anybody. I gave him a picture of Ritchie which he had reproduced in the morning Advertiser with a short story.

"The facts of Mrs. Ritchie's interview is that I was the only one who had anything to do with Mrs. Ritchie, as being an old acquaintance of hers she would tell me the facts of the case and I think she did. We called on her with that understanding. I interviewed Mrs. R. J. Ritchie in the hallway of Oakland rooming house the morning that her husband escaped from jail and I did all the talking. With me was Sheriff Rose, A. McDuffie, and Johnny (native chauffeur for the detective department). While I was talking to her Jailer Asch joined the crowd. Mrs. R. J. Ritchie was used by me and the party as a lady as I know Mrs. Ritchie for some time and know her to be a hard working woman and have the misfortune to be married to a scoundrel. The jewelry was given to Mrs. Ritchie by me and I did it as an act of friendship to her. She was short of money and you will find the jewelry sold by Mrs. R. J. Ritchie in your city. Mrs. Ritchie told me in the presence of Sheriff Rose and party that she did give her husband the rope to use in making his escape and also that she was at the transport dock inquiring when transports would be in. We thought after searching the ship S. S. Logan that he did not get on board, but in the wireless office you will find that at a later date we did send a message to the captain of the S. S. Logan stating positively that Ritchie was on board and at this time Ritchie is in jail in Manila having been arrested on board the transport Logan, and turned over to the Manila police and will be brought back to Honolulu by the U. S. government and this state will try and have him returned to Seattle. Mrs. R. J. Ritchie was not even shadowed or watched by me or the Honolulu police. You will find from the clerk at Royal Hawaiian Hotel that Mrs. Ritchie called on me often and that herself and boys were at the dock on sailing date to bid me good-bye.

"It is against my schooling as a police officer to give statements to a newspaper, but in justice to the Honolulu police and especially Capt. A. McDuffie I have to brand the article of July 2 in the morning Advertiser, as a lie. I also wish to state that reporter had no statement from me of any kind to be made public or private, as I refused to talk local affairs with him.

"I did not take a brass bed from Honolulu or any other kind of furniture.

"R. J. Ritchie is wanted in Seattle for passing a worthless check for \$75 on one William Middleton, a merchant

## LITTLE INTERVIEWS

—ATTORNEY J. W. THOMPSON: How about an investigation by the district attorney's office of alleged gambling at Fort Shafter? Oh, the swimming at Waikiki is the best in the world.

—HARRY MURRAY: I believe in good roads for Honolulu and I believe in making a fight for them.

—LESTER FISHER: The prerogatives of a speed king are not as estimable as those of a royal-cateched one. However, it is fine to be a speed king even to the hour when you are fined.

—W. H. RICE, SR.: We heard now and again on Hawaii about George R. Carter and the Progressive movement but I don't believe Mr. Carter will get more than a hundred votes on the whole island.

—JOHN C. ANDERSON: A good many people saw the name "J. C. Anderson" on the Nile passenger list and wanted to know why I had skipped off to the Orient. It's given me a lot of trouble. I want to inform the public that I am in Honolulu to stay and furthermore that I am running for city and county treasurer and am going to stay in the race.

## EXAMS FOR TEACHERS.

Teachers' examinations under the direction of the board of examiners appointed by commissioners of public instruction will be held next week. About 100 persons wishing certificates to qualify them to teach in a public school are expected to take the examinations this year. This is about the average number.

The examinations will be given at the normal school, beginning Monday and lasting until Wednesday. The board of examiners is composed of G. S. Raymond, chairman; Miss R. B. Taylor, Eugene Horner, H. H. Brodie and Mrs. Mary Gunn.

## TO PUT ON FLESH AND INCREASE WEIGHT

A Physician's Advice.

Most thin people eat from four to six pounds of good solid fat-making food every day and still do not increase in weight one ounce, while on the other hand many of the plump, chunky folks eat very lightly and keep gaining all the time. It's all bosh to say that this is the nature of the individual. It isn't Nature's way at all. Thin folks stay thin because their powers of assimilation are defective. They absorb just enough of the food they eat to maintain life and a semblance of health and strength. Stuffing won't help them. A dozen meals a day won't make them gain a single "stay there" pound. All the fat-producing elements of their food just stay in the intestines until they pass from the body as waste. What such people need is something that will prepare their blood to absorb them and deposit them all about the body—something, too, that will multiply their red blood corpuscles and increase their blood's carrying power.

For such a condition I always recommend eating a Sargol tablet with every meal. Sargol is not, as some believe, a patented drug, but is a scientific combination of six of the most effective and powerful flesh building elements known to chemistry. It is absolutely harmless, yet wonderfully effective and a single tablet eaten with each meal often has the effect of increasing the weight of a thin man or woman from three to five pounds a week.

For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Chambers' Drug Co., and Hollister Drug Co.—advertisement.

MAJOR AND MRS. FRANK W. COE were the guests of honor at a dinner on Tuesday night at the Country club given by Colonel William C. Rafferty. The other guests included Col. and Mrs. Reynolds and her house guest, Mrs. Harrison Hall; Major and Mrs. Wooten, Major and Mrs. Conklin and Mr. and Mrs. Mather.

Immediately upon the return of Attorney William Rawlins from the mainland, the case of J. D. Prosser, under indictment by the federal grand jury on a charge of having committed a statutory offense, upon the complaint of W. C. Hodges, will be tried in the federal court. Prosser recently pleaded not guilty to the charge. Attorney Rawlins will arrive in Honolulu August 5, and it is expected the case will be heard the following day.

tallor of this city which is a crime of grand larceny in this state.

"I trust that this will explain the matter to your entire satisfaction, and remain

"Yours very sincerely,

M. J. McNAMEE.

## NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without my written order.

(Signed) J. E. THOMPSON.

5921-3t

## LORD MACAULEY, CRITICISING JEFFERSON, SAID GREAT DEMOCRAT'S IDEAS IN THE END IMPRACTICAL

Noted Briton Has No Faith in  
Permanence of Republican  
Form of Government

That Lord Macauley had a profound distrust of the ultimate permanence of republics is shown by the following letter, written to Hon. H. S. Randall of New York half a century ago. It is particularly interesting for its comments on Thomas Jefferson:

London, May 23rd, 1857.

Dear Sir: You are surprised to learn that I have not a high opinion of Mr. Jefferson, and I am surprised at your surprise. I am certain that I never wrote a line, and that I never in parliament, in conversation or even on the hustings—a place where it is the fashion to court the populace—uttered a word indicating the opinion that the supreme authority in a state ought to be entrusted to the majority of citizens told by the head; in other words, to the poorest and most ignorant part of society. I have long been convinced that institutions purely democratic must, sooner or later, destroy liberty or civilization, or both.

In Europe, where the population is dense, the effect of such institutions would be almost instantaneous. What happened lately in France is an example. In 1848 a pure democracy was established there. During a short time there was a strong reason to expect a general spoliation, a national bankruptcy, a new partition of the soil, a maximum of prices, a ruinous load of taxation laid on the rich for the purpose of supporting the poor in idleness. Such a system would, in 20 years, have made France as poor and as barbarous as the France of the Carlovingians. Happily the danger was averted; and now there is a despotism, a silent tribune, an enslaved press, liberty is gone, but civilization has been saved.

I have not the smallest doubt that if we had a purely democratic government here the effect would be the same. Either the poor would plunder the rich, and civilization would perish, or order and property would be saved by a strong military govern-

ment, and liberty would perish. You may think that your country enjoys an exemption from these evils. I will frankly own to you that I am of a very different opinion. Your fate I believe to be certain, though it is deferred by a physical cause. As long as you have a boundless extent of fertile and unoccupied land, your laboring population will be far more at ease than the laboring population of the Old World; and while that is the case the Jeffersonian policy may continue to exist without causing any fatal calamity. But the time will come when New England will be as thickly populated as Old England. Wages will be as low, and will fluctuate as much with you as with us. You will have your Manchester and Birmingham. Hundreds and thousands of artisans will assuredly be sometimes out of work. Then your institutions will be fairly brought to the test. Distress everywhere makes the laborer malicious and discontented, and inclines him to listen to agitators with eagerness, who tell him that it is a monstrous iniquity that one man should have a million while another cannot get a full meal. In bad years there is plenty of grumbling here, and sometimes a little rioting. But it matters little for here the sufferers are not the rulers.

The supreme power is in the hands of a class, numerous indeed, but select of an educated class, of a class which is, and knows itself to be, deeply interested in the security and the maintenance of order. Accordingly, the malcontents are firmly yet gently restrained. The bad time is got over without robbing the wealthy to relieve the indigent. The springs of national prosperity soon begin to flow again: work is plentiful; wages rise, and all is tranquility and cheerfulness. I have seen England three or four times pass through such critical seasons as I have described. Through such seasons the United States will have to pass, in the course of the next century, if not of this. How will you pass through them? I heartily wish you a good deliverance. But my reason and my wishes are at war, and I cannot help foreboding the worst.

It is quite plain that your government will never be able to restrain a distressed and discontented majority or with you the majority is the government, and has the rich, who are always a minority, absolutely at its mercy. The day will come when, in the state of New York, a multitude of people, none of whom had more than half a breakfast, or expects to have more than half a dinner, will choose the legislature. Is it possible to doubt what sort of legislature will be chosen? On one side is a statesman preaching patience, respect for vested rights, strict observance of public faith. On the other is a demagogue ranting about the tyranny of capitalists and usurers, and asking why anybody should be permitted to drink champagne, and to ride in a carriage while thousands of honest people are in want of necessities. Which of the two candidates is likely to be preferred by a workman who heard his children cry for bread? I seriously apprehend that you will, in some such season of adversity as I have described, do things which will prevent prosperity from returning; that you will act like people in a year of scarcity; devour all the seed corn, and thus make the next year a year, not of scarcity, but of absolute failure. There will be, I fear, spoliation. The spoliation will increase distress. The distress will produce fresh spoliation. There is nothing to stay you. Your constitution is all sail and no anchor. As I said before, when society has entered on this downward progress either civilization or liberty must perish. Either some Caesar or Napoleon will seize the reins of government with a strong hand, or your republic will be as fearfully plundered and laid waste by barbarians in the twentieth century as the Roman empire was in the fifth, with this difference, that the Huns and Vandals who ravaged the Roman empire came from without, and that your Huns and Vandals will have been engendered within your country by your own institutions.

Thinking this, of course, I cannot reckon Jefferson among the benefactors of mankind.

## CHARLES FRAZIER SEES ROOSEVELT; HE'S CONVERTED

By C. S. ALBERT.

(Special Star-Bulletin Correspondent.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, chief of the United States Forest Service, is sending a word of advice and encouragement to the progressive Republicans of Hawaii. He is urging them to hope, pray and work. He invites them to concentrate on the central thought that the darkest hour is just preceding the dawn and things are never so bad as they seem.

The verbal message from Col. Roosevelt is being carried to Hawaii by Charles R. Frazier, a hustling citizen of Honolulu, and a firm believer in the doctrines of Progressive Republicans. He has been doing some talk sightseeing in the eastern part of the mainland. Also, he has been segregating and analyzing the last word in up-to-date politics.

While in New York on his travels, Mr. Frazier followed the example of all good pilgrims and visited the Col. Roosevelt. He had a heart-to-heart talk with the big Bull Moose and received around to the faithful at home.

Aside from the greater issues centering around Col. Roosevelt and his propaganda, Mr. Frazier takes an optimistic view of the situation in Hawaii. He believes the Progressive Republicans will be able to so play their cards as to land Delegate Kalaniano'le in the scrap-heap and toss Lincoln L. McCandless in the ditch, bringing out a genuine Progressive as winner in the race.

He scents the idea that the Republicans divided as between the delegate as a candidate to succeed himself, and a Progressive taking away part of his strength, a Democrat would have the best chance of winning out. It is his opinion that the Progressives will be able to gather in recruits from the regular Republicans and Democrats in sufficient numbers to swamp both Kalaniano'le and McCandless.

Irwin H. Beadle has been the companion of Mr. Frazier on his trip through the mainland. In starting homeward they made a flying inspection of this city.

Territorial Treasurer Conkling came into town just as the two visitors from Honolulu had taken their departure. He began arranging to see the president and obtain permission to sell some \$750,000 of Hawaiian bonds. When the necessary consent is secured he will proceed to New York and put out the bonds in the usual manner.

## DR. JOHN W. WADMAN SPEAKS TO CHINESE TOMORROW MORNING

Dr. John W. Wadman, superintendent of the local branch of the Anti-Saloon league, will address the members of the congregation of the Fort street Chinese church at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning in the interest of the temperance reform movement. At 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the same purpose, the superintendent will conduct a special service at Oahu prison. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock Doctor Wadman will deliver a stereotypical lecture in the Japanese church on Punchbowl street.

## JAPANESE HOLD LENGTHY SERIES OF CONFERENCES

Special evangelistic services now are being held in the Japanese churches of Honolulu by Rev. S. Kimura, a well-known Christian worker, who arrived in this city from Tokio a short time ago. Mr. Kimura, who came here with a view to assisting the Christian churches in Hawaii, is leading this new movement, being assisted by the local pastors.

During this week largely attended services have been held in the South King street and Makiki Japanese churches, and a large number of new converts have been enrolled. Tomorrow evening a meeting will be held in the amusement hall opposite the government nursery on King street, and the Asahi theater on Maunakea street has been engaged for the following Sunday. Following is the program of services for the coming week:

Monday evening, Kakaako Mission; Tuesday evening, Nuanu street church; this meeting for women only; Wednesday and Thursday evenings, River street Japanese church; Friday and Saturday evenings, Nuanu street Japanese church.

On Tuesday evening, August 11, a thanksgiving service will be held in the Makiki Japanese church, at which time a free offering will be taken in order to defray the expenses of the campaign now in progress. Later Mr. Kimura will visit all the plantations on Oahu in the interest of the mission in which he is so earnestly and successfully engaged. He is known in this country as the "Moody of Japan."

## RED TAPE MINUS IN WASHINGTON, SAYS CONKLING

"Not so much red tape here now as formerly," writes D. L. Conkling, territorial treasurer, to I. M. Stainback, attorney-general.

"Not so much red tape," he says, and puts an exclamation point after the last word to indicate his approval. Then he goes on to say that he has not been in Washington long, but in the short time he has put everything in order for the presidential approval of the \$1,500,000 territorial bond issue.

"I will see the president tomorrow," he said in the letter. Then: "But long before this reaches you I expect to have his approval and be in New York."

Conkling is believed to be in New York now negotiating the sale of the securities. Whether the war developments will interfere with the flotation of the bonds is a point on which there are different and opposite opinions. It is probable that a message will come from his first of the week giving an account of his progress.

Village Doc—"Say, Boggs, I don't like the looks of these prunes in this barrel." Village Grocer—"Maybe if you'll eat the rest of the barrel you'll think they're better."

## CIVIL SERVICE DECISION MAKES SHERIFF WINNER

Sheriff Rose's contention that he may promote men in the service of the police department without requiring them to take a competitive examination before the civil service commission was sustained today by the supreme court.

Judge Quarles, voicing the decision of the court, holds that the act creating the commission does not authorize the commission to make a rule requiring competitive examination for promotion of persons in the service, and that the rule to that effect adopted by the commission is void.

The decision is summed up in these words: "The sheriff has authority to promote a sergeant of police who has proved his fitness therefore, to the office of captain of police, when it can be done with advantage to the department, without examination or approval by the civil service commission."

The case is entitled Daniel Kamahua vs. James Bicknell, city and county auditor. Bicknell, on the order of the commission, has held up the pay of Kamahua, whose promotion, contended the commission, was in violation of its rules and regulations. This case was submitted on an agreed statement of facts and on briefs without argument. It covers the entire question of the right of the sheriff to make promotion appointments without his appointees passing a competitive examination.

The next point before the court for decision is whether a clerk may be appointed by the sheriff without taking a civil service examination.

## WILHELMINA DUE TUESDAY MORNING WITH LARGE MAIL

According to wireless advices received this morning by Castle & Cooke the liner Wilhelmina will arrive in Honolulu from San Francisco early Tuesday morning and will dock at Pier 15. The Wilhelmina has on board 70 cabin passengers for Honolulu, 25 steerage passengers, 204 sacks of mail, 121 pieces of Wells-Fargo matter, five automobiles and 3319 tons of cargo. Cargo to the amount of 225 tons is consigned to Hilo.

## LABORATORY LATEST FEATURE OF FEDERAL IMMIGRATION STATION

A laboratory has been fitted up at the United States immigration station which provides excellent facilities for and has greatly increased the efficiency of the local station in the examination of diseased aliens. Inspector-in-Charge Richard L. Halsey stated this morning that the work now being done with the aid of this laboratory is equal to that of any post in the United States.

Miss Jessie Kennedy, daughter of James A. Kennedy, who was arrested yesterday for allowing her auto to remain standing for more than 30 minutes in the downtown district, was fined five dollars this morning by Judge Monsarrat.



"Funny, isn't it, boys—to look over these Fire Sales, and Clearance Sales, and Damaged-by-Water Sales of unadvised, unbranded and unworthy stuff of clothes? Thank goodness we're wearing ALFRED BENJAMIN suits—clothes that are well known, well liked, and sold at staple prices."

## The CLARION

Where U bot the swell belt.

## CIRILO SALONGA WINS PRIZE FOR 1915 POSTER

The design submitted by Cirilo Salonga of the art department of the Advertiser this afternoon was selected by the members of the Promotion Committee for the poster for the 1915 Mid-Pacific Carnival. Eighteen designs for posters were submitted, the final selection having been made by vote following a lengthy consideration. Salonga's design is typical of Hawaii, depicting flowers on a crowd of persons bathing at Waikiki beach in the shadow of Diamond Head.

## Morning on CHANGE

Oahu continues to have the heaviest run of any stock on the list, opening and closing at 2.12 1/2 with heavy selling between at 2.25. For the lower figure 500 shares went between boards and 2.15 on the board, in blocks ranging from 40 to 200, while 1005 shares in blocks of from 15 to 340 sold between boards at the higher figure. Ewa shaded down 1/4 point to 18.25 for 100 shares in three lots between boards. Hawaiian Sugar was unchanged at 23 for 10 shares in recess. Oahu Sugar held 14.50 for 155 shares between boards, but fell off 1/4 point for 20 shares at session. Hawaiian Commercial retained 27 for 45 shares, but lost 1/4 point for 25 more between boards. McBryde was steady at 3.50 for a block of 200 shares reported. Honokaa gained 1/8 point in a sale of 10 shares at 2.62 1/2. Pineapple recovered 1/2 point in sales of two lots of 10 shares each at 35.50. Oahu Railway jumped 5 points in a sale of 15 shares reported at 130.

## DAILY REMINDERS

Finest butter in town—Puritan brand. Now 30c the pound. Henry May & Co. Phone 1271.—advertisement.

Ladies' day, Y. M. C. A. Cafeteria, open from 5:30 to 7:30 p. m., for all guests this evening during annual reception. Special menu.—advertisement.

## The Story Behind the European War

The Underlying Causes of the Present Crisis, Told by an Austrian Army Officer Now Living in Honolulu

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